

# ABELL SAYS HE WILL LEAVE THE CITY.

## Republican Police Commissioner Forced to Admit Official Dereliction--He Simply Obeys Orders.

POLICE COMMISSIONER ABELL, a Republican, was caught yesterday in the trap set by the Mazet Committee for Democratic feet. He didn't know of any vice or crime in the city. He was sure that newspaper stories telling of the existence of evils were lies.

It never occurred to him to investigate any of them. Being forced to act by two protests made by East Side ministers, he found the situation bad. A new captain was placed in charge of that district. Then the situation improved.

He voted to make Devery Chief of Police because he believed him to be fit and competent. No fear troubled him that if he did not so vote he would be removed. Before leaving the witness chair he promised to go to work at once to suppress all lawbreakers.

Police Commissioner Henry E. Abell, short, thick and nervous, was called to the witness chair in the afternoon and instantly developed into the star witness of the day before the Mazet Committee.

Unlike Commissioner Hess, he refused to make any concessions. He even refused to admit the accuracy of the statement that the Police Board is bi-partisan and that he is one of the representatives of the Republican end of it.

His peaked face grew red under the questions, his gray mustache bristled with impatient rage, and he sometimes shook his head so violently that his eyeglasses slipped to the end of his sharp nose.

Mr. Abell hails from Brooklyn, and is a friend of Elias B. Dutcher, an influential Republican minister.

"Mr. Dutcher asked me if I wanted the Commissioner'ship," said Mr. Abell, "and I said I did if no conditions went with it. At his request I called on Edward Lauterbach, and then I saw Mayor Van Wyck and was appointed."

Considering it necessary to fix Mr. Abell's politics definitely Mr. Moss asked:

"You went into the Board to represent the Republican organization?"

Then Mr. Abell declined to acknowledge his politics. He shook his head at the lawyer and said, derisively:

"I went in to represent what I believed to be the duty of a Police Commissioner."

"Did you go in to forget your Republicanism and to be entirely uncontrolled by it?"

"Secondly, I went in to see that partisanship should not be exerted to the prejudice of any Republican or the force."

"And to protect Republicans?"

"No."

"And to advance Republicans on the force?"

"No. All things being equal I should."

"You found out that the Democratic members of the Board were doing all they could to secure promotion for their friends?"

"I was satisfied they would, and I put myself in a position accordingly."

Then, from Mr. Abell's hand grew a paper which he handed to the witness chair. It was a list of names. He pointed to the names of the Board members and said:

"These are the names of the Board members who were doing all they could to secure promotion for their friends."

"I was satisfied they would, and I put myself in a position accordingly."

Mr. Abell smiled and Mr. Moss frowned and grew red. He asked for the names of the Board members. Mr. Abell, with his finger pointing at the witness, asked:

"Who promoted him?"

"Promoted him to what?" asked Mr. Abell.

Q. Chief of Police? A. I found him acting as Chief of Police, and I knew no reason why he shouldn't continue it, and I don't know any now.

Q. Do you sometimes read the Herald?

A. Yes, very often, particularly the personal columns.

Q. You are against the personals, too, Mr. Commissioner?

A. Yes, one kind of personal.

Q. And what have you done to prevent the crime, if there be crime, under the personals?

Mr. Abell said he had answered some of the questions, and he was not going to answer the rest because he thought the personals "got on to me."

He had read in the newspapers a statement by Mr. McCullough that he was being persecuted, and that he would not leave the department willingly. Asked if he was satisfied with Devery as Chief, Mr. Abell replied:

"I am until I am satisfied that he has been derelict in the performance of his duty."

Q. Well, have you any doubt on that question?

A. Oh, yes; I have my doubts.

Q. You are somewhat in doubt as to whether he has been derelict or not?

A. Yes.

Q. You consider it an open question?

A. Yes. You want to corroborate some of the testimony you have advanced here before I vote to remove Mr. Devery.

Q. Was not your vote for Devery influenced by the outside intimation that if

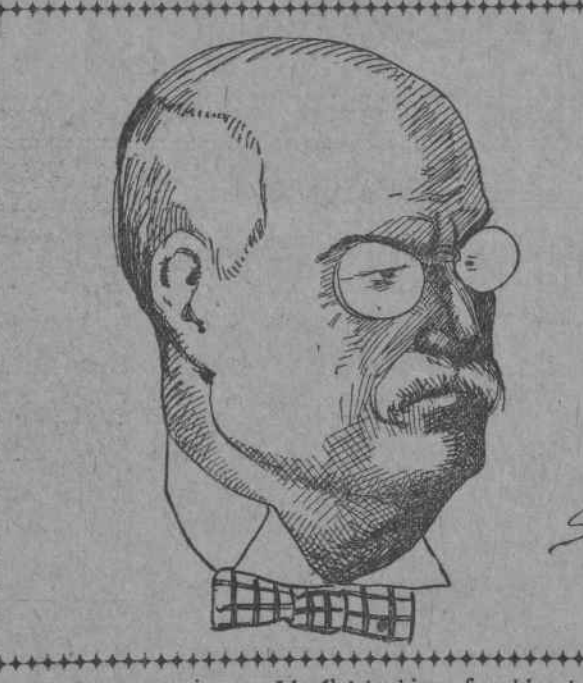
# ABELL ADMITS INTELLIGENCE.

Complaints Not Acted On by Police.

He Knows No Vice in the City.

Coler Tells of the Surety Bonds.

Old Companies Are Forced Out.



Police Commissioner Abell waiting for the Inquisitor's Probe.

## SMILING SHERIFF DETERMINED.

### Frankly Tells Why He Gives Business to Peter F. Meyer & Co.

Sheriff Thomas J. Dunn would have a little pleasant talk with Mr. Moss as he passed the inquisitor on his way to the stand. His gentility was infectious. Mr. Moss laughed, Mr. Clarke's face beamed, Dr. O'Sullivan grinned, and even Mr. Lauder's serious air departed. It was plain that the jolly Sheriff did not take matters seriously, and his smiling face was in direct contrast to the flushed and disturbed countenance of Commissioner Abell, who had just left the stand.

Mr. Dunn was asked about the foreclosure sales from his office.

Q. What auctioneer do you employ? A. Peter F. Meyer & Co.

Q. Every time? A. Every time.

Q. Why? A. Well, because I know Mr. Meyer for about twenty years, and I know he is a real estate lawyer, or a real estate auctioneer, and I know the firm is a good, responsible firm, and I have bought real estate myself from him on the Exchange.

Q. You know other good auctioneers? A. I do.

Q. And other good auctioneers who are members of the Democratic Club? A. I only know one, I think.

Q. And other good auctioneers members of Tammany Hall? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Has it occurred to you from your knowledge of these matters and observations that if Mr. Croker passed an examination and became a member of the Bar and went into partnership that he might get the same kind of business?

Q. It is rather a startling thought, but he might; the conditions are such that you would not be surprised, would you? A. Well, I would give it to him if I was there.

Q. That is sufficient. I have no other question to ask. A. Don't you want to ask about the bond?

Q. Oh, the bond, to be sure. A. That is the principal thing. (Witness hands papers to Mr. Moss.)

Q. This is a list of the bonds? A. Yes.

The list showed that all of the bonds of the Sheriff's subordinates--seventy-three--and amounting to \$640,500, were given by the United States Fidelity & Guarantee Company, the corporation in which Mr. Croker and Mr. Freedman are interested. Mr. Dunn explained that the bonds were all given to him personally, as he was solely responsible for the office. He said he did not know how it was that all were in the same company.

John H. Campbell, Deputy Chamberlain was sworn.

Q. Have you taken any interest in the Chamberlain's office in the matter of bonds being taken out by bank officers in any particular company? A. No, sir.

Q. You have never done anything whatsoever to influence anyone to turn the bonding business of any bank into the United States Fidelity & Guarantee Company? A. No, sir.

## POLITICS GOVERN CITY SURETIES.

### Comptroller Coler Shows How the New Companies Crowd Out the Old.

Comptroller Bird S. Coler yesterday enlightened the Mazet Committee in reference to the sale of city property, his contribution to the Democratic campaign funds, and the number and amounts of bonds given by city employees and contractors in the various surety companies and by individual persons.

He was in a pleasant frame of mind and was treated with the utmost courtesy by the committee and Mr. Moss. There was no feuding for points, wrangling or haggling. It was more like an afternoon tea party than a political investigation.

Q. As Comptroller you have sales of real estate, city real estate, don't you? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Mr. Moss--Every sale that has come under your control as the Comptroller of the city has been given to Peter F. Meyer & Co., is it not so?

Q. Did you know he was a Dock Commissioner during the administration in which you were an officer? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Do you also have control of the bonds of the city contractors? A. Yes, sir.

Mr. Moss then read three tables of bonds prepared by the Comptroller. The first table shows the amount of contract bonds in force May 1, 1890, summarized as follows:

American Surety Co.	\$6,582,592
Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Maryland	9,499,442
United States Fidelity & Guarantee Co.	2,833,299
City Trust Safe Deposit and Surety Co.	9,922,850
American Bonding & Trust Co.	9,922,850
National Surety Co.	400,000
Fidelity & Security Co.	241,900
United States Guaranty Co.	888,450
American Surety Co.	2,500

Repeating questions Mr. Coler said the American Surety Company was the oldest bonding company and the United States the youngest. The Fidelity had been doing business in New York for several years.

Mr. Moss now read the second statement prepared by the Comptroller. It follows:

The bonds were taken out for several years from January 1, 1890, to December 31, 1898, show that bonds furnished on contracts registered during that period of time aggregated \$14,457,897.35.

These bonds were undertaken by personal bonds to the amount of \$4,011,747.88.	
The balance of \$10,446,149.47 was taken by the following companies:	
The Fidelity and Deposit Company, of Maryland	\$3,096,824.50
The American Surety Company	2,882,367.98
The United States Fidelity & Guarantee Company	2,274,189.40
The City Trust Safe Deposit and Surety Co.	2,277,269.00
The American Bonding & Trust Co.	480,801.00
The National Surety Co.	400,000.00
The Fidelity & Security Co.	2,500.00
The United States Guaranty Co.	1,000.00

Mr. Coler stated that he had nothing to do with the selection of sureties, and simply passed on the bonds as they were presented.

The third statement is as follows:

The records of the Department of Finance from January 1, 1890, to May 31, 1899, show that bonds given on contracts registered during that period of time aggregated \$5,952,442.12, and given by the following companies:

The United States Fidelity & Guarantee Co.	\$1,670,204.48
The Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Maryland	988,528.37
The American Surety Co.	929,498.40
The City Trust Safe Deposit and Surety Co.	640,460.00
The American Bonding & Trust Co.	342,012.50

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Bonds of the Freedman company have been inquired into, of all kinds. There are other bonds, such as bonds given by contractors, which have been given by the Platt company, excise bonds, and a lot of other bonds which have not been explained.

I beg again respectfully to request that the secretary of that company be called and put on the stand, in order that we may ascertain the exact status of their business, just the same as we have examined into the status of the business done by Mr. Freedman's company.

## POLITICS GOVERN CITY SURETIES.

### Comptroller Coler Shows How the New Companies Crowd Out the Old.

Comptroller Bird S. Coler yesterday enlightened the Mazet Committee in reference to the sale of city property, his contribution to the Democratic campaign funds, and the number and amounts of bonds given by city employees and contractors in the various surety companies and by individual persons.

He was in a pleasant frame of mind and was treated with the utmost courtesy by the committee and Mr. Moss. There was no feuding for points, wrangling or haggling. It was more like an afternoon tea party than a political investigation.

Q. As Comptroller you have sales of real estate, city real estate, don't you? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Mr. Moss--Every sale that has come under your control as the Comptroller of the city has been given to Peter F. Meyer & Co., is it not so?

Q. Did you know he was a Dock Commissioner during the administration in which you were an officer? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Do you also have control of the bonds of the city contractors? A. Yes, sir.

Mr. Moss then read three tables of bonds prepared by the Comptroller. The first table shows the amount of contract bonds in force May 1, 1890, summarized as follows:

American Surety Co.	\$6,582,592
Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Maryland	9,499,442
United States Fidelity & Guarantee Co.	2,833,299
City Trust Safe Deposit and Surety Co.	9,922,850
American Bonding & Trust Co.	9,922,850
National Surety Co.	400,000
Fidelity & Security Co.	241,900
United States Guaranty Co.	888,450
American Surety Co.	2,500

Repeating questions Mr. Coler said the American Surety Company was the oldest bonding company and the United States the youngest. The Fidelity had been doing business in New York for several years.

Mr. Moss now read the second statement prepared by the Comptroller. It follows:

The bonds were taken out for several years from January 1, 1890, to December 31, 1898, show that bonds furnished on contracts registered during that period of time aggregated \$14,457,897.35.

These bonds were undertaken by personal bonds to the amount of \$4,011,747.88.	
The balance of \$10,446,149.47 was taken by the following companies:	
The Fidelity and Deposit Company, of Maryland	\$3,096,824.50
The American Surety Company	2,882,367.98
The United States Fidelity & Guarantee Company	2,274,189.40
The City Trust Safe Deposit and Surety Co.	2,277,269.00
The American Bonding & Trust Co.	480,801.00
The National Surety Co.	400,000.00
The Fidelity & Security Co.	2,500.00
The United States Guaranty Co.	1,000.00

Mr. Coler stated that he had nothing to do with the selection of sureties, and simply passed on the bonds as they were presented.

The third statement is as follows:

The records of the Department of Finance from January 1, 1890, to May 31, 1899, show that bonds given on contracts registered during that period of time aggregated \$5,952,442.12, and given by the following companies:

The United States Fidelity & Guarantee Co.	\$1,670,204.48
The Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Maryland	988,528.37
The American Surety Co.	929,498.40
The City Trust Safe Deposit and Surety Co.	640,460.00
The American Bonding & Trust Co.	342,012.50

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Bonds of the Freedman company have been inquired into, of all kinds. There are other bonds, such as bonds given by contractors, which have been given by the Platt company, excise bonds, and a lot of other bonds which have not been explained.

I beg again respectfully to request that the secretary of that company be called and put on the stand, in order that we may ascertain the exact status of their business, just the same as we have examined into the status of the business done by Mr. Freedman's company.

# CRACKER MAY TELL MAZET OF CROKER.

Deposed Tammany Orator, Fresh from Abroad, Declares His Willingness to Answer His Former Chief's Slur Before the Inquisition.

Mr. Moss--You don't speak as you pass by (to W. Bourke Crocker). Mr. Crocker--No! Q. When you received a sum of money from Mr. Crocker, at the time the Broadway Railroad Company was seeking to get a resolution through the Board of Aldermen changing the name of the company, did you not receive it from him, and is that not the reason for the charges against you? A. Yes, I received it from him, and I am not going to answer any more questions. But, of course, were I subpoenaed, I would be compelled to do so.

Q. Was Mr. Crocker's testimony correct? A. Whatever I have to say as to that would be entirely up to the committee, were it to ask me.

"Did Mr. Crocker state the facts as to the cause of the quarrel between you?" I prefer not to make any comment upon it for print just now. But I shall be pleased to answer such questions as the committee choose to put to me. I am not seeking to appear before the committee. But, of course, were I subpoenaed, I would be compelled to do so.

"Was Mr. Crocker's testimony correct?" Whatever I have to say as to that would be entirely up to the committee, were it to ask me.

W. Bourke Crocker may soon appear before the Mazet Committee and reply to Richard Crocker. The former Congressman told a Journal representative yesterday that he would be summoned he would cheerfully respond and answer the Tammany chief's testimony, given in April. This had to do with the cause of the alleged quarrel which caused Mr. Crocker's retirement as Tammany Hall's orator and finally resulted in a complete severance of his former close relations with the organization.

Mr. Crocker evidently expects to receive a subpoena, but he has been home from Europe for some time. He is in good health and is expected to return to his country home last evening he had not been called upon by a Mazet agent, said Mr. Crocker. "I have read a digest of Mr. Crocker's testimony concerning

make explanations in regard to them.

Bonds of the Freedman company have been inquired into, of all kinds. There are other bonds, such as bonds given by contractors, which have been given by the Platt company, excise bonds, and a lot of other bonds which have not been explained.

I beg again respectfully to request that the secretary of that company be called and put on the stand, in order that we may ascertain the exact status of their business, just the same as we have examined into the status of the business done by Mr. Freedman's company.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Bonds of the Freedman company have been inquired into, of all kinds. There are other bonds, such as bonds given by contractors, which have been given by the Platt company, excise bonds, and a lot of other bonds which have not been explained.

I beg again respectfully to request that the secretary of that company be called and put on the stand, in order that we may ascertain the exact status of their business, just the same as we have examined into the status of the business done by Mr. Freedman's company.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Bonds of the Freedman company have been inquired into, of all kinds. There are other bonds, such as bonds given by contractors, which have been given by the Platt company, excise bonds, and a lot of other bonds which have not been explained.

I beg again respectfully to request that the secretary of that company be called and put on the stand, in order that we may ascertain the exact status of their business, just the same as we have examined into the status of the business done by Mr. Freedman's company.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Bonds of the Freedman company have been inquired into, of all kinds. There are other bonds, such as bonds given by contractors, which have been given by the Platt company, excise bonds, and a lot of other bonds which have not been explained.

I beg again respectfully to request that the secretary of that company be called and put on the stand, in order that we may ascertain the exact status of their business, just the same as we have examined into the status of the business done by Mr. Freedman's company.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Bonds of the Freedman company have been inquired into, of all kinds. There are other bonds, such as bonds given by contractors, which have been given by the Platt company, excise bonds, and a lot of other bonds which have not been explained.

I beg again respectfully to request that the secretary of that company be called and put on the stand, in order that we may ascertain the exact status of their business, just the same as we have examined into the status of the business done by Mr. Freedman's company.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Bonds of the Freedman company have been inquired into, of all kinds. There are other bonds, such as bonds given by contractors, which have been given by the Platt company, excise bonds, and a lot of other bonds which have not been explained.

I beg again respectfully to request that the secretary of that company be called and put on the stand, in order that we may ascertain the exact status of their business, just the same as we have examined into the status of the business done by Mr. Freedman's company.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Bonds of the Freedman company have been inquired into, of all kinds. There are other bonds, such as bonds given by contractors, which have been given by the Platt company, excise bonds, and a lot of other bonds which have not been explained.

I beg again respectfully to request that the secretary of that company be called and put on the stand, in order that we may ascertain the exact status of their business, just the same as we have examined into the status of the business done by Mr. Freedman's company.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Bonds of the Freedman company have been inquired into, of all kinds. There are other bonds, such as bonds given by contractors, which have been given by the Platt company, excise bonds, and a lot of other bonds which have not been explained.

I beg again respectfully to request that the secretary of that company be called and put on the stand, in order that we may ascertain the exact status of their business, just the same as we have examined into the status of the business done by Mr. Freedman's company.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Bonds of the Freedman company have been inquired into, of all kinds. There are other bonds, such as bonds given by contractors, which have been given by the Platt company, excise bonds, and a lot of other bonds which have not been explained.

I beg again respectfully to request that the secretary of that company be called and put on the stand, in order that we may ascertain the exact status of their business, just the same as we have examined into the status of the business done by Mr. Freedman's company.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

Bonds of the Freedman company have been inquired into, of all kinds. There are other bonds, such as bonds given by contractors, which have been given by the Platt company, excise bonds, and a lot of other bonds which have not been explained.

I beg again respectfully to request that the secretary of that company be called and put on the stand, in order that we may ascertain the exact status of their business, just the same as we have examined into the status of the business done by Mr. Freedman's company.

Mr. Hoffman--There are bonds in the Platt Surety Company, and that company should be called upon to make explanations in regard to them.

# PEACE CONFERENCE NAMES COMMITTEES; PROGRAMME FOR TO-MORROW.

Continued from First Page.

**Austria-Hungary**--Count von Woloschinski, First Secretary of the Austrian Foreign Office, Ambassador Extraordinary, and Count von Spreti, Minister at the Court of The Hague; Count and Ministerial Counselor Meroy.

**Belgium**--H. Boernaert, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Chevalier Descaup-Davy, Secretary of the Council of Ministers; Minister at The Hague.

**China**--Yang Yu, Minister at the Court of St. Petersburg.

**France**--E. de Bille, Minister at the Court of St. James; Colonel Van Schneek, a former Minister of War.

**Germany**--Count von Munster-Ladenburg, Ambassador at Paris; Professor von Stengel, of the Munich University; Professor von Spreti, Minister at the Court of St. Petersburg; Captain Siegel, Naval Attaché at the German Embassy in Paris, and Colonel Gross, Secretary of the Ministry of War.

**Roumania**--M. Al. Beldianu, Ambassador at the Court of Berlin; His Grace M. T. Papulin, Minister at The Hague, and Count von Osten-Sacken, he continued: "Honored Count, it is my sincere wish that those two tried and experienced statesmen, M. de Staal and Count von Munster, acting in accordance with the old traditions uniting my house with His Majesty's, and the German with the Russian people, and carrying out identical instructions given them by the Czar and myself, may so conduct the conference that the result will satisfy the Czar to the health of His Majesty's health!"

**British Clergy** ORDERED TO PRAY. Archbishop of Canterbury Orders Special Prayers Throughout the Sitings of the Conference.

(Copyright, 1899, by the New York Journal and Advertiser.)

**London, May 18.**--The Archbishop of Canterbury has issued orders to the clergy that special prayers shall be said for the successful outcome of the Peace Conference at The Hague throughout the sittings of that body.

**Germany Resents Press Criticism.** Ambassador von Holleben Calls on the Secretary of State--Assurances of Friendship Repeated.

Washington, May 18.--The German Ambassador, Dr. von Holleben, called at the State Department to-day and had a talk with Secretary Hay, in the course of which it was understood, reference was made to the opening day of the sessions of the Peace Conference at The Hague.

**Italy**--Count Nigra, Minister at the Court of Vienna; Count Zornini, Minister at The Hague; General Zucchi and Captain Bianchi, of the navy.

**Japan**--Baron Hayashi, Minister at the Court of St. Petersburg; Colonel Ueyehara, Captain Sakamoto, of the navy and J. Mochizuki, Ambassador at Brussels.

**Norway**--Baron Bilde, Minister at the Court of Rome.

**Perussia**--General Mirza Riza-Khan, Minister at the Court of St. Petersburg.

**Portugal**--Count de Macodo, Minister at Madrid; Angostino d'Omelias, Minister at St. Petersburg, and Count de Solis, Minister at The Hague.

**Kaiser Would Run the Conference.** He Expects His Delegates, with Those of the Czar, to Control and Guide the Deliberations.

Wiesbaden, Prussia, May 18.--At a luncheon given by Emperor William to-day in honor of the birthday of Emperor Nicholas, the Kaiser toasted the Czar in these terms:

"With the toast to the Czar's health, which I propose every year with heartfelt sincerity, I would to-day couple my hearty

**M'Kinley GREETSS RUSSIA'S RULER.** President Congratulates the Czar on the Opening of the Peace Conference at The Hague.

Washington, May 18.--President McKinley to-day sent to the Emperor of Russia the following congratulatory cablegram on the opening of the Peace Conference at The Hague.

**VACCINATING INDIANS UNDER ARMED GUARD.** Soldiers Ordered to the Moqui Villages to Assist in Suppressing Smallpox.

Washington, May 18.--The Secretary of War has ordered the commanding officer at Fort Wingate, New Mexico, to dispatch an adequate force of troops immediately to the Moqui Pueblo Indian villages in Arizona to assist in overcoming resistance to the work of disinfecting and quarantining the villages where smallpox is prevalent.

**Peace Conference Names Committees; Programme for To-morrow.** Continued from First Page.

**Austria-Hungary**--Count von Woloschinski, First Secretary of the Austrian Foreign Office, Ambassador Extraordinary, and Count von Spreti, Minister at the Court of The Hague; Count and Ministerial Counselor Meroy.

**Belgium**--H. Boernaert, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Chevalier Descaup-Davy, Secretary of the Council of Ministers; Minister at The Hague.

**China**--Yang Yu, Minister at the Court of St. Petersburg.

**France**--E. de Bille, Minister at the Court of St. James; Colonel Van Schneek, a former Minister of War.

**Germany**--Count von Munster-Ladenburg, Ambassador at Paris; Professor von Stengel, of the Munich University; Professor von Spreti, Minister at the Court of St. Petersburg; Captain Siegel, Naval Attaché at the German Embassy in Paris, and Colonel Gross, Secretary of the Ministry of War.

**Roumania**--M. Al. Beldianu, Ambassador at the Court of Berlin; His Grace M. T. Papulin, Minister at The Hague, and Count von Osten-Sacken, he continued: "Honored Count, it is my sincere wish that those two tried and experienced statesmen, M. de Staal and Count von Munster, acting in accordance with the old traditions uniting my house with His Majesty's, and the German with the Russian people, and carrying out identical instructions given them by the Czar and myself, may so conduct the conference that the result will satisfy the Czar to the health of His Majesty's health!"

**British Clergy** ORDERED TO PRAY. Archbishop of Canterbury Orders Special Prayers Throughout the Sitings of the Conference.

(Copyright, 1899, by the New York Journal and Advertiser.)

**London, May 18.**--The Archbishop of Canterbury has issued orders to the clergy that special prayers shall be said for the successful outcome of the Peace Conference at The Hague throughout the sittings of that body.

**Germany Resents Press Criticism.** Ambassador von Holleben Calls on the Secretary of State--Assurances of Friendship Repeated.

Washington, May 18.--The German Ambassador, Dr. von Holleben, called at the State Department to-day and had a talk with Secretary Hay, in the course of which it was understood, reference was made to the opening day of the sessions of the Peace Conference at The Hague.

Blue is the Dyspeptic Blue is the Bottle

Rosy is the man after taking from the Blue bottle of

JOHNSON'S DIGESTIVE TABLETS.

BUY THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS

MANUFACTURED BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

NOTE THE NAME

INSIST UPON

"FIREPROOFINE"

Blue is the Dyspeptic Blue is the Bottle

Rosy is the man after taking from the Blue bottle of

JOHNSON'S DIGESTIVE TABLETS.

BUY THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS

MANUFACTURED BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

NOTE THE NAME

INSIST UPON

"FIREPROOFINE"

Blue is the Dyspeptic Blue is the Bottle

Rosy is the man after taking from the Blue bottle of

JOHNSON'S DIGESTIVE TABLETS.

BUY THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS

MANUFACTURED BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

NOTE THE NAME